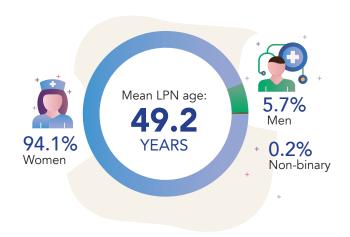


# 2021 Wisconsin Licensed Practical Nurse Capacity and Supply Snapshot\*

The fifth biennial Wisconsin 2021 LPN Workforce Survey was completed by 10,885 licensed practical nurses (LPNs). After data cleaning, 9,590 valid surveys were included in the analysis. All LPNs renewing their licenses in Wisconsin were included, regardless of where or whether they were working in Wisconsin



The 2021 LPN Survey showed minimal change from 2019 in the Wisconsin LPN workforce (9,568 to 9,590)



Race/Ethnicity (9,580)	2021 LPN Workforce (%)	Wisconsin Population (%)
White	87.7	80.4
Black	7.7	6.4
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.3	1.0
Asian	2.0	3.0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0.2	0.0*
Other	2.6	3.1
Hispanic, Latino, or Latinx		
Yes	3.5	7.6
No	96.5	92.4

<sup>\*</sup> This number is not zero, but the number is so small that when rounded, it is close to zero.

# Highest degree earned

Nursing Degree (9,464)	%
Diploma in Nursing	94.5
Associate Degree in Nursing	5.4
Bachelor of Science in Nursing	0.1
Doctorate in Nursing *	
Non-Nursing Degree (554)	%
Non-Nursing Degree (554) Associate	<b>%</b> 44.8
Associate	44.8

<sup>\*</sup>Too few to report.

#### Skill-based certification

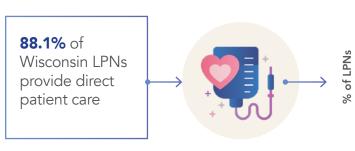


#### Barriers to further education

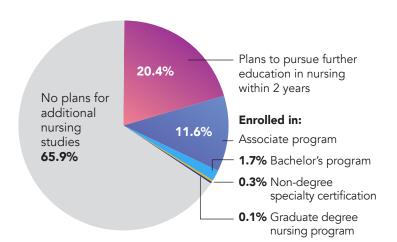
Cost of lost work time and benefits	3,240
Cost of tuition, materials, books, etc.	3,123
None	2,839
Family/personal reasons	2,354
Lack of flexibility in work schedule	1,240
Other, not listed	861
Scheduling of educational programs offered	457
Commuting distance to educational program	288
Limited access to online learning	
or other online resources	252

Respondents could choose more than one option.

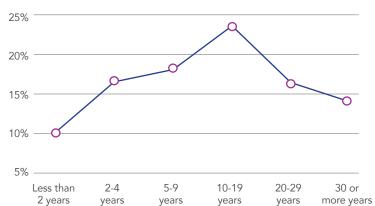
The most commonly cited barrier was cost of **lost work time and benefits** (33.8%), closely followed by **cost of tuition**, **materials**, **books**, **etc.** (32.6%)



#### Plans for further education



### Intent to continue to provide direct patient care



## Primary work setting by region

